



THERMOSTATIC STEAM TRAPS AND AIR ELIMINATORS TSS22 (Complete stainless steel)

DESCRIPTION

The TSS22 all stainless steel thermostatic steam traps and air eliminators are specifically designed for use on process equipment such as kettle cookers, sterilizers, food, chemical and laundry equipment. Their small size makes them ideal for use with a wide variety of this equipment.

Connections are female screwed.



Modulating discharge.

Discharges condensate close to steam temperature. Thermostats for different sub cooling (5 °C to 30 °C).

Excellent air discharge.

Operates on moderate superheated steam.

Simple and compact design.

OPTIONS: Welded body. USE: Saturated steam.

AVAIL. MODELS: TSS22.

SIZES: 1/4", 3/8", 1/2", 3/4" and 1".

CONNECTIONS: Female screwed ISO 7/1 RP (BS21). INSTALLATION: Horizontal or vertical installation.

See IMI - Installation and maintenance

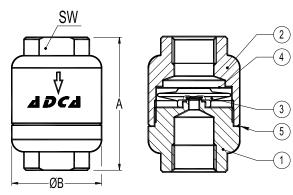
instructions.

BODY LIMITING CONDITIONS								
THREADED PN40								
ALLOWABLE PRESS.	RELATED TEMP.							
34,4 bar	100 °C							
30,8 bar	150 °C							
28 bar	200 °C							
26 bar	250 °C							

PMO – Max. operating pressure 22 bar; TMO – Max. operating temperature 250 °C.

DIMENSIONS (mm)										
SIZE	A	В	sw	WGT. (kg)						
1/4"	65	44	27	0,5						
3/8"	65	44	27	0,5						
1/2"	65	44	27	0,45						
3/4"	65	44	36	0,47						
1"	65	44	40	0,4						





	MATERIALS									
POS.	DESIGNATION	MATERIAL								
1	Body	AISI 304 / 1.4301								
2	Cover	AISI 304 / 1.4301								
3	* Thermostatic element	Stainless steel								
4	* Strainer screen	AISI 304 / 1.4301								
5	* Gasket	St. steel / Graphite								

^{*} Available spare parts.

FLOW RATE CAPACITY (kg/h)																
MODEL :	CIZE	DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE (bar)														
	SIZE	0,2	0,3	0,5	1	1,5	2	3	4	6	8	10	13	15	20	22
TSS22	1/4" to 1"	45	55	70	95	125	135	180	200	270	315	330	360	370	405	415

Capacities shown refer to condensate at 10 °C below saturated steam temperature (standard type S thermostat).

Thermostats for 5 °C (type H) and 30 °C (type L) also available. Capacities for cold condensate discharge at 20 °C are two to three times greater.

